UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEVADA * * * DAMON R. JOHNSON, Case No. 2:21-cv-00561-RFB-NJK Plaintiff. ORDER ٧. **NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF** CORRECTIONS, et al., Defendants.

order.

This action began with a *pro* se civil rights complaint filed pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 by a former state prisoner. On May 18, 2021, this Court ordered Plaintiff to file a fully complete application to proceed *in forma pauperis* by a <u>non-prisoner</u> or pay the full filing fee of \$402 on or before June 17, 2021. (ECF No. 5). The June 17, 2021 deadline

has now expired, and Plaintiff has not filed an application to proceed *in forma pauperis* by a non-prisoner, paid the full \$402 filing fee, or otherwise responded to the Court's

District courts have the inherent power to control their dockets and "[i]n the exercise of that power, they may impose sanctions including, where appropriate . . . dismissal" of a case. Thompson v. Hous. Auth. of City of Los Angeles, 782 F.2d 829, 831 (9th Cir. 1986). A court may dismiss an action, with prejudice, based on a party's failure to prosecute an action, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules. See Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 52, 53-54 (9th Cir. 1995) (affirming dismissal for noncompliance with local rule); Ferdik v. Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (affirming dismissal for failure to comply with an order requiring amendment of complaint); Carey v. King, 856 F.2d 1439, 1440-41 (9th Cir. 1988) (affirming dismissal for failure to comply with local rule requiring *pro* se plaintiffs to keep court apprised of address); Malone v. U.S. Postal Service, 833 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (affirming

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dismissal for failure to comply with court order); Henderson v. Duncan, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986) (affirming dismissal for lack of prosecution and failure to comply with local rules).

In determining whether to dismiss an action for lack of prosecution, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules, the court must consider several factors: (1) the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic alternatives. See Thompson, 782 F.2d at 831; Henderson, 779 F.2d at 1423-24; Malone, 833 F.2d at 130; Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 1260-61; Ghazali, 46 F.3d at 53.

Here, the Court finds that the first two factors, the public's interest in expeditiously resolving this litigation and the Court's interest in managing the docket, weigh in favor of dismissal. The third factor, risk of prejudice to Defendants, also weighs in favor of dismissal, since a presumption of injury arises from the occurrence of unreasonable delay in filing a pleading ordered by the court or prosecuting an action. See Anderson v. Air West, 542 F.2d 522, 524 (9th Cir. 1976). The fourth factor—public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits—is greatly outweighed by the factors in favor of dismissal discussed herein. Finally, a court's warning to a party that his failure to obey the court's order will result in dismissal satisfies the "consideration of alternatives" requirement. Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 1262; Malone, 833 F.2d at 132-33; Henderson, 779 F.2d at 1424. The Court's order requiring Plaintiff to file an application to proceed in forma pauperis by a non-prisoner or pay the full \$402 filing fee on or before June 17, 2021 expressly stated: "IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that if Plaintiff does not timely comply with this order, this case will be subject to dismissal without prejudice for Plaintiff to file a new case with the Court when Plaintiff is either able to file a fully complete application to proceed in forma pauperis by a <u>non-prisoner</u> or pays the full \$402 filing fee." (ECF No. 5 Thus, Plaintiff had adequate warning that dismissal would result from his at 2). noncompliance with the Court's order to file an application to proceed in forma pauperis

by a non-prisoner or pay the full \$402 filing fee on or before June 17, 2021.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that this action is dismissed without prejudice based on Plaintiff's failure to file an application to proceed *in forma pauperis* by a non-prisoner or pay the full \$402 filing fee in compliance with this Court's order dated May 18, 2021.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk of Court shall enter judgment accordingly and close this case. No additional documents will be filed in this closed case.

DATED: July 13, 2021

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RICHARD F. BOULWARE, II UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE